

Shabbat Shalom

9 Sivan 5777 June 3, 2017

Parashat Nasso

This Week at Beth El Synagogue

Saturday, Jur	ıe	3:
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Shabbat Mishnah Study	8:45 am
Orthodox Kehillah Services	9:00 am
Main Sanctuary Services – Summer Send-off	9:30 am
Havdallah	9:10 pm

Sunday, June 4:

Board Retreat 8:30 am

Wednesday, June 7:

Weekly Wednesday Minyan 8:00 am

Thursday, June 8:

Interfaith Learning and Loving Exchange: 7:30 pm
Potluck dinner at Ar Razzaq Islamic Center

Friday, June 9:

Candle Lighting 8:13 pm

Upcoming Events:

- ♥ Sat. 6/10 Shabbat Morning Orthodox Kehillah Services
- Sat. 6/10 Post Kiddush Talk: "Cultural Jew, Jew-by-Choice, and Jew: We come in Multiple Varieties," with Rabbi Stephen Listfield
- Mon. 6/12 Sisterhood Board Meeting
- ♥ Wed. 6/14 Weekly Wednesday Minyan
- ☆ Fri 6/16 Got Shabbat? Poolside
- ♦ Sat. 6/17 Shabbat Morning Orthodox Kehillah Services

- Tue. 6/20 Va'ad HaChinuch Meeting
- Sat. 6/24 Shabbat Morning Orthodox Kehillah Services

- Sat. 7/1 Shabbat Morning Orthodox Kehillah Services
- ♥ Wed. 7/5 Weekly Wednesday Minyan

Kiddush is hosted by:

Norma & Bob Gindes, Sue Gidwitz & Gail Freeman, Libby Vaughn, and Leslie Winner & Gerald Postema

Beth El is a welcoming community of members with diverse backgrounds, ideas, levels of knowledge, and observance. We are an egalitarian Conservative congregation, and a member of the Southeast Seaboard district of United Synagogue of Conservative Judaism (USCJ), and the Orthodox Union.

Gabbai Schedule

Contact the scheduled gabbai if you'd like to request an *aliyah*, other honor, or to volunteer to lead a service in the Main Sanctuary Gabbaim will try to accommodate requests made on Shabbat morning (by 10:15am, before the Torah service) but we ask for your understanding if all honors have been previously claimed during the week.

6/10 Beha'alotcha

David Rubin

David_s_rubin@hotmail.com 919-967-7725

6/17 Sh'lach Lekha

Bernie Fischer

Bernie.fischer@duke.edu 919-493-0306

6/24 Korah/RH Tammuz

Diane Markoff

Diane.markoff@earthlink.net 919-969-8953

7/1 Hukkat

Roger Perilstein

rperilstein@hrc-pa.com 919-286-9814

Parashat Nasso

Adapted from http://www.jtsa.edu/jts-torah-online

Modern Judaism has a problem with the priesthood. The notion of hereditary holiness—that one segment of the Jewish people is set apart from others, given ceremonial privileges, and invited to bless the people—conflicts with our egalitarian ethos. The strange rituals of the priests, especially when they are invited to raise their hands in blessing the people, feel magical and irrational. For these reasons, many non-Orthodox communities have diminished or even eliminated the priestly privileges such as reserving the first aliyot for *kohanim* and *Levi'im*. On festivals, when priests traditionally ascend to the bimah during the *Musaf* service and chant the biblical blessings from underneath their tallit, many of our congregations simply assign the role to the leader, regardless of tribal status.

Yet there remain passionate defenders of the priestly prerogatives, and they, too, have their reasons. First, of course, the Torah itself defines an elaborate role for the tribe of Levi and within it, the descendants of Aaron. In our portion this week we read, "And they shall set My Name upon the children of Israel, and I will bless them." R' Yehoshua b. Levi states in the Talmud (BT Sotah 38b) that a *kohen* who refuses to bless the people violates three commandments (for the three times that the Torah instructs *kohanim* to bless the people).

Beyond the biblical imperative, the priestly blessing also infuses ritual with mystery. Further, it is a deeply meaningful family tradition for many *kohanim*. Although traditionally women were excluded from the ritual, the CJLS approved a 1994 responsum by Rabbi Mayer Rabinowitz called "Women, Raise Your Hands," which argued that women from priestly families also have the ability to bless the community, and therefore may play all of the liturgical roles traditionally assigned to male priests. These reasons suffice for many of our congregations to continue, restore, or initiate the traditional practice of inviting priests to bless the community from the bimah (*dukhening*) on festivals.

When I was a pulpit rabbi, I served a congregation that was founded in the 1940s, during the height of 20th-century rationalism, and had never included the ritual of *dukhening*. With the dawn of the 21st century and increasing interest in the mystical side of Judaism, as well as in the exploration of family genealogy, I proposed that we institute the priestly blessing on festivals. While most congregants supported the move, and we did indeed begin the practice, others were unhappy and even offended. The most passionate objection was that putting the priests on a pedestal to bless the congregation was not appropriate, because they were not necessarily better models of piety than anyone else. One congregant raised a sensitive concern that this practice would invite others to make unflattering comments along the lines of, "If you knew what I know about Mr. Cohen, you wouldn't want his blessing."

This congregant had a good point. Indeed, there are many centuries of literature addressing precisely her concern. In the Talmud Yerushalmi (Gittin 5:9, 47b), Rav Huna says that even if there is only one *kohen* (priest) present to say the blessing, the prayer leader should still cry out in the plural, "kohanim," to show that it is the tribe, not the individual, that offers blessing. He continues: "This is lest a person should say, this kohen has had illicit sex, or shed blood, and now he is going to bless us? God says, the priests will pronounce My name, but I will bless the people."

Concerns about the attitudes of the people to the priests are explored in the halakhic literature (See Shulhan Arukh OH 128). Some of these concerns seem to be reasonable. For example, according to Rabbi Karo, a *kohen* who has killed a person, even unintentionally, may never again raise his hands in blessing lest it distract the people, just as the Yerushalmi fears. Even so, Rabbi Moshe Isserles permits a *kohen* who has killed but then repented to offer blessings, lest his repentance be discouraged. The people are instructed to be forgiving, and thus worthy of the blessing.

What about the attitude of the *kohen* toward the people? Does it suffice for the *kohen* to say the words and trust that God will show mercy upon the people, even if the *kohen* himself is filled with anger or indifference toward them? This is a question where the mystical book of Zohar effectively weaves together the biblical and rabbinic materials to influence the halakhah in a very meaningful fashion. In the book of Proverbs (22:9) we read, "one who is generous will be blessed"; an alternative translation would be, "only a person who looks well upon others may bless them." In the Talmud (BT Sotah 39a) R' Zeira teaches in the name of R' Hisda that before uttering the priestly benediction, the *kohen* says the following blessing: "...who has commanded us regarding the holiness of Aaron, commanding us to bless God's people Israel with love." Those final two words, "with love," imply that the priest needs to be filled with mercy at the time of blessing. The Zohar expands upon this theme (Vol. 3, 147b; see Daniel Matt edition, vol.8, 479f), saying, "Any priest who does not love the people, or whom the people do not love, should not spread his hands to bless the people." The Zohar cites our verse from Proverbs to prove the point.

So, is it mystical and irrational to invite the priests up to bless the people? Yes, it is, in the best possible sense. When a congregation can set aside its disagreements and accept the blessings of even unpopular members, that is irrational and mysterious. When a *kohen* who is an otherwise plain person with no leadership profile is nevertheless invited to offer a blessing, and when that person does so with love, that, too, is irrational and mysterious.

Thank God for such irrational and mysterious behaviors! To be critical of each other and filled with harsh judgment is frequently rational and fully justified. We are living in a highly rancorous environment where our worst assumptions of other people are being confirmed each day. Nothing can be more rational than to criticize and even despise our fellow citizens. But the mystery of faith is animated by the power of mercy to overwhelm judgment, and love to banish hatred. When the priests pronounce God's name in love, then mercy links heaven and earth, and the world becomes fertile with blessing. What is true of the priests is true of each of us—after all, we, too, are commanded to love our neighbors as ourselves. May we summon the irrational and mysterious ability to ignore the faults of others, and to bless them with love. In so doing, may we in turn receive God's mysterious and irrational blessing.

Refuah Shleymah רפואה שלמה

Adelah bat Avrom v'Chenya	Mishulamit bat Maryam
(Adele Abramowitz)	(Marcia Hogan)
Bedonna Riva bat Ya'akov	Miriam bat Batya (Joyce
v'Sarah (Donna Goldstein)	Gudeman)
Chaim Michael ben Flora	Miriam Shifra bat Issur
(Howard Margolis)	(Margaret Sachs)
Chana bat Malka	Moshe Yosef ben Vishka Elka
Chana Leah bat Sarah (Anna	(Michael Perkins)
Crollman)	Ovadya ben Esther Malkah
David ben Sarah	(Ovadya Fleishman)
(David Leitner)	Sarah bat Hinda
David Yosef ben Avraham	(Sylvia Dante)
v'Chana (Donald Goldstein)	Sarah Gittel bat Rut (Sue
Esther bat Yankale Sura	Perlo)
Esther Malka bat Chaya	Shalom ben Sprintze (Stanley
Fruma	Ramati)
(Elinor Fleishman)	Shira Batya bat Meirav
Gershon Yonah ben Tevya	Shmuel ben Shoshana
haKohen v'Chanah Leah	Shrage ben Devorah Leah
haLevi (Harlan Gradin)	(Phillip Samuel Ramati)
Herschel David ben Aharon	Shraga Feivel ben Leib (Philip
haKohen u'Bela Miriam	Skoletsky)
Israel ben Zalman u'Malkah	Sura Malka bat Rivka (Molly
Leah bat Miriam (Eileen	Grossinger)
Abramson)	Tuvia ben Shmuel v'Tziporah
Malka bat Leah (Meg	(Tovia Lebovich)
Anderson)	Tziporah bat Esther
Malka Chana bat Basha	Ya'akov Roni ben Margalit
Rachel	Yehoshua Heschel ben Tova
M'cor Eyshel bat Esther Tzvia	Gitel (Joshua Shatz)
Michael Pinchas ben	Yehoshua Yitzchak ben
Binyamin v'Rachel	Ya'akov v'Sarah (Howard

Yared ben Michael u'Mimatzerel (Jared Resnick) Alvin Jacobson Anne Boya Alan Marty Christine Walters Ezra Rapport Helen Rosenberg Jack Reich Jeff Shields Joyce Romm Ken Walkters Lauren Schiro Netta Boswell Orrie Wilner Richard Roth Sidney Barker

Goldstein)

Please contact the synagogue office with any additions or changes to this list.

יארצייט Yahrzeits

Jeremy Bland	Molly Zauder	Gordon Empey
Bella Goldstein	Peggy Elizabeth Silver	Lily Feiler
Maria Mikhalevsky	Huffman	Willard Gidwitz
Esther Silverman	Marilyn Lubar	Carrie Hayer
Annie Levy	Lotte Herzfeld	Amram Rasiel
	Herman B. Kushner	

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